Backward Regions Grant Fund

- 3107. SHRI SUNDARSHAN AKARAPU: Will the Minister of PANCHAYATI RAJ be pleased to state:
- (a) whether Government have recently launched a "backward Regions Grant Fund":
 - (b) if so, the details thereof;
- (c) the number of districts, identified/selected for being covered under the programme, State-wise; and
- (d) the criteria and the parameters adopted for selection of backward districts under the programme?

THE MINISTER OF PANCHAYATI RAJ (SHRI MANI SHANKAR AIYAR):
(a) and (b) The Backward Regions Grant Fund Programme (BRGF) was launched by the Prime Minister at Barpeta in Assam on the 19th February, 2007. The programme is designed to redress regional imbalances in development. Funds are available under the Programme for supplementing and converging existing developmental inflows into identified districts. Panchayati Raj Institutions at all levels are the designated authorities for planning and implementation of the programme, through the participative preparation of district plans from the grassroots level upwards.

Special provisions have been made in the guidelines for the areas and districts in J&K, Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland and Tripura, which do not have Panchayats. Traditional village level bodies and other constitutionally mandated institutions such as Autonomous Regional and District Council in these districts will plan and implement the programme in these areas.

Salient features of the programme are given at statement-I (See below). A total amount of Rs. 1925 crore was released under the programme during 2006-07.

(c) and (d) The Programme covers 250 districts in 27 States. The existing Rashtriya Sam Vikas Yojana which covers 147 districts has been subsumed into the Backward Regions Grant Fund programme. A State-wise list of districts covered under the programme is at Statement-II (See below). The list of 250 districts under BRGF includes the original 200 districts covered

by the National Rural Employment Programme (NREGP) and all 170 districts identified as backward by the Inter-Ministry Task Group on Redressing Regional Imbalances on the basis of 17 socio-economic variables. The list of districts is as on 2001 and any districts carved subsequently out of the 250 districts are covered under the programme, subject to the proviso that the allocation for the original district will be shared between the new districts that have been carved out of such district.

Statement-i

Salient features of the BRGF Programme

- BRGF consists of two funding windows, namely, a Capacity Building Fund and a substantially untied grant.
- The substantially untied grant is to be distributed among the districts as follows: (a) every district will receive a fixed minimum amount of Rs. 10 crore per annum, and (b) the balance allocation under the scheme will be made on the basis of the share of the population and area of the districts in the total population and area of all the backward districts.
- All the 147 RSVY districts will be released funds till the plans approved under RSVY (plus the existing monitoring fee) have been completed to the extent approved.
- Non RSVY- BRGF districts will begin the process of District Plan preparation in 2006-07 in accordance with these guidelines.
- Each Panchayat or Municipality within the backward district concerned will be the unit for planning under BRGF. Plans prepared by each Panchayat or Municipality will be consolidated into the District Plan by the District Planning Committee, constituted in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution.
- During the consolidation of the District Plan, particular care shall be taken to ensure that the District Plan addresses issues relating to SC/ST development.
- The State Government will designate a department, preferably the Department of Panchayati Raj, as the nodal department at the State level, responsible for the management, monitoring and evaluation of the programme.

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 A High Powered Committee headed by the State Chief Secretary and consisting of Members from various departments of State Government and the Central Ministries will consider and approve the proposed District Plans to be taken up under the districts component of the BRGF.

Fund Flow Mechanism and Tracking of funds

All funds will be transferred to the Consolidated Funds of the State Governments. Those funds that are to be transferred to Panchayats and Municipalities by the State Governments will be transferred to their bank accounts within 15 days of the release of funds to the Consolidated Fund as in the case of transfer of Twelfth Finance Commission Grants: The States have been requested to adopt the mechanism of bank transfer suggested by the Task Force of the Ministry of Panchayati Raj which was set up to study the feasibility of rapid transfer of funds through Bank to the Panchayats. The State Governments have also been requested to furnish Bank Account details of all Panchayats.

Financial Performance

2006-07 was the first year of the BRGF programme. The grant includes 147 districts which were covered under the RSVY. These districts are entitled to receive their full allocation of Rs. 45 crore before they shift to BRGF programme.

Statement-II

Backward Region Grant Fund-List of Districts

Andhra Pradesh

1	Adilabad	2	Anantpur	3	Chittoor	4	Cuddappah
5	Karimnagar	6	Khammam	7	Mahbubnagar	8	Medak
9	Nalgonda	10	Nizamabad	11	Rangareddy	12	Vizianagaram
13	Warangal						

Arunachal Pradesh

Upper Subansiri

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[3 May, 2007]

Assam

1	Barpeta	2	Bongaigaon	3	Cachar	4	Dhemaji	
5	Goalpara	6	Hailakandi	7	Karbi Anglong	8	Kokrajhar	
9	Marigaon	10	North	11	North Cachar			
			Lakhimpur		Hills		2	
	,		(Laksha)				1	
	1.5	7	•					

Bihar

1	Araria	2	Aurangabad	3	Banka	4	Begusarai
5	Bhagalpur	6	Bhojpur	. 7	Buxar	8	Darbhanga
9	Gaya	10	Gopalganj	11	Jamui	12	Jehanabad
13	Kaimur/Bhabua	14	Katihar	15	Kishanganj	16	Khagaria
17	Lakhisarai	18	Madhepura	19	Madhubani	20	Munger
21	Muzzaffarpur	22	Nalanda	23	Nawadah	24	Patna
25	Pashchim	26	Purba	27	Pumia	28	Rohtas
	Champaran		Champaran				•
29	Saharsa	30	Samastipur	31	Saran	32	Sheikhpura
33	Sheohar	34	Sitamarhi	35	Supaul	36	Vaishali
	•						

Chhattisgarh

1	Bastar	. 2	Bilaspur	3	Dantewada	4	Dhamtari
5	Jashpur	6	Kanker	7	Kawardha	8	Korba
9	Koriya	10	Mahasamund	11	Raigarh	12	Rajnandgaon
40	Commercia				•		

13 Sarguja

Gujarat

1	Banaskantha	2	Dangs	3	Dahod	4	Namada
5	Panch Mahals	6	Sabarkantha				

Haryana

1 Mohindergarh 2 Sirsa

Himachal Pradesh

1 Chamba 2 · Simaur

[3 May, 2007]

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•	•						
		4	Jammu	& Ka	shmir		
1	Doda	2	Kupwara				
3	Poonch						
			Jha	rkhai	nd		
1	Bokaro	2	Chatra	3	Deoghar	- 4	Dhanbad
5	Dumka	6	Garhwa	7	Giridih	8	Godda
9	Gumla	10	Hazaribagh	11	Jamtara	12	Kodarma
13	Latehar	14	Lohardagga	15	Pachhim	16	Pakaur
		•	Singhbl	num			
17	Palamu	. 18	Ranchi	19	Sahibganj	20	Saraikela
21	Simdega						
					•		
	•		Kar	natal	ka		
1	Bidar	2	Chitradurga	3	Davangere	×	Gulbarga
5	Raichur						
1	Palakkad	2	Wynad	erala	•		
•		-					
			Madhy	a Pra	idesh		
1	Balaghat	2	Barwani	3	Betul	4	Chhatarpur
5	Damoh	6	Dhar	7	Dindori	. 8	Guna
9	Jhabua	. 10	Katni	11	Khandwa	12	Mandla
13	Panna	14	Rajgarh	15	Rewa	16	Satna
17	Seoni	18	Shahdol	19	Sheopur	20	Shivpuri
21	Siddhi	22	Tikamgarh	23	Umaria	24	West Nimar
	* 0		Maha	rasi	itra		

1	Ahmednagar	2	Amravati		3	Aurangabad	4	Bhandara
5	Chandrapur	6	Dhule	•	7	Gadchiroli	8	Gondia
9	Hingoli .	10	Nanded		11	Nandurbar	12	Yavatmal

Manipur

			•	nanıpu	r		
1	unandel	2	Churachan	drapur	3 Tame	nlong	
			M	eghala	ya		,
1	Ri Bhoi	2	South Garo	Hills	3 West Gar	o-Hills	
			N	lizoran	n		
1	Lawngtlai	2			Saiha		
			N	agalan	d		
1	Mon	2	Tuensang	3	Workha		
			•	Orissa	_		
1	Bolangir	2	Boudh	3	Debagarh	. 4	Dhenkanal
5	Gajapati	6	Ganjam	7	Jharsuguda	8	Kalahandi
9	Keonjhar	10	Koraput	11	Malkangiri	12	Mayurbhanj
13	Nabrangpur	14	Nuapada	15	Phulbani	16	Rayagada
17	Sambalpur	18	Sonapur	19	Sundargath		
				Punjab			
1	Hoshiarpur						
		٠	R	ajastha	ın	•	
1	Banswara	2	Barmer	3	Chittaurgarh	4	Dungarpur
5	Jaişalmer	. 6	Jalor	7	Jhalawar	. 8	Karoli
. 9	Sawai	10	Sirohi	. 11	Tonk	12	Udaipur
	Madhopur						
				Sikkim			
1	Sikkim North			SIKKIM	•		
					Nt auto.		
1	Cuddalore	2	Dindigul	Tamil 3	Nagu Nagapattinam	4	Sivagangai
5	Tiruvannamalai	6	Villupuram		•		
			-				
				Tripura			

1 Dhalai

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Uttar Pradesh

1	Ambedkar	2	Azamgarh	3	Bahraich	4 :	Bairampur
	Nagar				•		
5	Banda	6	Barabanki	7	Basti	8.	Budaun
9	Chandauli	10	Chitrakoot	11	Etah	12	Farrukhabad
13	Fatehpur	14	Gonda	15	Gorakhpur	16	Hamirpur
17	Hardoi	18	Jalaun	. 19	Jaunpur	20	Kaushambi
21	Kushinagar	22	Lakhimpur Kheri	23	Lalitpur	24	Maharajganj
25	Mahoba	26	Mirzapur	27	Pratapgarh	28	Raebareli
29	Sant Kabir	30	Shravasti	31	Siddarthanagar	32	Sitapur
	Nagar			•	Old all in in large.	-	
33	Sonebhadra	34	Unnao				
			· Utta	ranci	nal .		
1	Chamoli	2	Champawat	3	Tehri Garhwal		
			West	Ben	gai		
1	Bankura	2	Birbhum	3	Dakshin Dinajpur	4	Jalpaiguri
5	Maide	6	Midnapur	7	Midnapur	8	Murshidabad
			East		West		
9	Purulia	10	South 24	11	Uttar Dinajpur		
			Parganas				

Training of weaker sections and women panchayat representatives

3108. SHRI PRAVEEN RASHTRAPAL: Will the Minister of PANCHAYATI RAJ be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of SC, ST and women elected members in the Panchayati Raj Institutions In the States of Gujarat, Rajasthan, Maharashtra and Madhya Pradesh;